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کد کنترل

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ریاست جمهوری
سازمان ملی نجش و ارزشیابی نظام آموزش کشور

بعد از ظهر پنجشنبه
۱۴۰۳/۰۴/۲۱

در زمینه مسائل علمی باید دنبال قله بود.
مقام معظم رهبری (مدظله العالی)

آزمون اختصاصی (سراسری) ورودی
دانشگاهها و مؤسسات آموزش عالی

خارج از کشور

گروه آزمایشی زبان های خارجی (ویژه متقاضیان زبان انگلیسی)

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نوبت دوم - تیرماه ۱۴۰۳

استفاده از ماشین حساب مجاز نیست.
این آزمون، نمره منفی دارد.

حق چاپ، تکثیر و انتشار سؤالات به هر روش (الکترونیکی و ...) پس از برگزاری آزمون، برای تمامی اشخاص حقیقی و حقوقی تنها با مجوز این سازمان مجاز می باشد و با متخلفین برابر مقررات رفتار می شود.

- 10- The man who led the coronavirus task force, sweated at the podium during a news conference all over the set.
 1) there was coughing 2) and then later coughed
 3) where later coughing 4) who later coughed
- 11- Please be aware that on some risk in investment, you won't get much of a return.
 1) you taking 2) but you take 3) unless you take 4) however taking
- 12- The parents their job right, because their child is both very polite and quite well-read.
 1) must have done 2) should have done
 3) will have done 4) have been done
- 13- We're aiming at educating parents to realize why be selective in what they and their children watch.
 1) to them should 2) should they 3) should them to 4) they should
- 14- The court ordered that the newly-published book to the dealer.
 1) is returned 2) be returned 3) returned 4) to be returned
- 15- too embarrassing to ignore did the federal authorities decide to act.
 1) Not while the media coverage become 2) When the media coverage became
 3) Not with the media coverage become 4) Only after the media coverage became

Part B: Vocabulary

Directions: Questions 16-35 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence, you will see four words or phrases marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 16- The situation is not very bad, according to people familiar the matter.
 1) to 2) in 3) with 4) at
- 17- You must be willing to a commitment to yourself and follow through on your plans in order to be successful.
 1) make 2) do 3) say 4) attach
- 18- Such electric vehicles are expected to become one of the common means of that citizens use in daily life.
 1) function 2) transportation 3) communication 4) assistance
- 19- He lays flowers at the slavery monument to the anniversary of the country putting an end to slavery.
 1) expose 2) manipulate 3) dominate 4) commemorate
- 20- If the poor naming on the presentation slide has made things, I hope my explanations will make them a bit more understandable.
 1) invariable 2) intrinsic 3) confusing 4) manual
- 21- After careful consideration, we regret to you that you have not been selected to interview for this position.
 1) communicate 2) respond 3) reject 4) inform
- 22- I think that if we remain and follow our goals, the chances of final success are good.
 1) patient 2) passive 3) pessimistic 4) intact

- 23- An old priest who conducted the funeral, into tears and told weeping relatives that "evil cannot win."
1) scared 2) leaped 3) burst 4) acted
- 24- When companies talk about artificial intelligence, it often implies six or seven moral principles on a plaque in a conference room.
1) ethics 2) frequency 3) controversy 4) dominance
- 25- A one-to-one between sets A and B is a pairing of each object in A with one and only one object in B.
1) comprehensiveness 2) classification
3) cooperation 4) correspondence
- 26- Making art is not an economic decision for most artists, who are continually for their ideas and labor.
1) treated 2) exploited 3) strained 4) disguised
- 27- Addressing with excellent taste the subject of blindness, the book manages to be tender and touching.
1) handicapped 2) delicate 3) reluctant 4) stubborn
- 28- Tuna is an infrequently used name for pear, which,, goes by many popular names, including Indian fig and Barbary fig.
1) autonomously 2) marginally 3) incidentally 4) voluntarily
- 29- Any similarity between the characters in this book and real people, living or dead, is purely
1) coincidental 2) olfactory 3) irregular 4) adaptable
- 30- After the situation got worse, the officials declared states of emergency and urged people to stay if possible.
1) stored 2) put 3) untouched 4) flat
- 31- She says knowing how to solve problems is more important than learning by....., a process of establishing something in memory by repeating it.
1) method 2) wit 3) awareness 4) rote
- 32- Students often need to a balance between their needs and their expectations.
1) bestow 2) submit 3) negotiate 4) oblige
- 33- Global markets plunged as news that a new variant more infectious than the Delta, and possibly more resistant to vaccines, could potentially deal a heavy blow to the global recovery.
1) backed out 2) broke down 3) brought up 4) sank in
- 34- The ultimately dramatic elements here feel more suited to a short film; in a feature-length production, they become too thin to support the big feelings and weighty themes the movie wants to leave us with.
1) sparse 2) deciphered 3) commodious 4) gratified
- 35- Up close, the is clear. Piles of garbage and flies are everywhere and old clothes, stiff from dirt and rain, hang from branches.
1) scamp 2) squabble 3) squalor 4) sanctuary

Part C: Sentence Structure

Directions: Choose the sentence with the best word order for each of the following series. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

36-

- 1) Crossing the road well ahead of the militiamen, he rode into the encampment where the wedding was still celebrating.
- 2) He crossed the road well ahead of the militiamen and rode into the encampment where the wedding was still being celebrated.
- 3) As he crossed the road well ahead of the militiamen and rode into the encampment where the wedding was still being celebrated.
- 4) While crossing the road well ahead of the militiamen and riding into the encampment where the wedding was still celebrating.

37-

- 1) He is one of several defendants trying to move the case; any ruling on the issue could apply to all 19 defendants.
- 2) He is one of several defendants who tries to move the case; any ruling on the issue could apply for all 19 defendants.
- 3) He is one of several defendants tries to move the case; any ruling on the issue could apply to all 19 defendants.
- 4) He is one of several defendants tried to move the case; any ruling on the issue could apply for all 19 defendants.

38-

- 1) The fact that the students analyze the books altogether from different perspectives improve their ability to assess what was told in the books.
- 2) That the students analyze the books all together from different perspectives improves their ability to assess what was told in the books.
- 3) Given that many students analyze the books all together from different perspectives and improve their ability to assess what was told in the books.
- 4) Many students analyze the books altogether from different perspectives and improves their ability to assess what was told in the books.

39-

- 1) An advisory committee will be appointed on considering what type of assessment system to best suiting to a small country.
- 2) An advisory committee will be appointed considering what type of assessment system to be best suiting to a small country.
- 3) An advisory committee will be appointed to considering what type of assessment system to best suits to a small country.
- 4) An advisory committee will be appointed to consider what type of assessment system is best suited to a small country.

40-

- 1) Companies that pay federal income taxes may seem more attractive for investors than those find ways for avoiding to pay the taxes.
- 2) Companies that pay federal income taxes may seem more attractive to investors than ones finding ways for avoiding to pay the taxes.
- 3) Companies that pay federal income taxes may seem more attractive to investors than those that find ways to avoid paying the taxes.
- 4) Companies that pay federal income taxes may seem more attractive for investors than the ones find ways to avoid paying the taxes.

Part D: Language Functions

Directions: Read the following conversations between two people and choose the answer choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

A: Hey, there!

B: Hi! How are you?

A: Great! Oh! Did you finally (41) your mind whether to speak with your employer?

B: Kind of, but I think the time is not (42) yet. I think it's better if I speak with her later on a better occasion.

A: I see. So you want to (43).

- 41- 1) make up 2) act up 3) finalize 4) judge
 42- 1) fruitful 2) up 3) ripe 4) seasonable
 43- 1) wait on your hand and foot 2) have a vested interest
 3) make hay while the sun shines 4) play the waiting game

A: Jane, I've heard on the (44) that you are getting a promotion next month!

B: I hope so! I really need that now that I am going through a lot.

A: Yeah, perhaps your problems are not over, but you are beginning to see the (45) at the end of the tunnel.

- 44- 1) grapevine 2) high trees 3) cloud nine 4) high branch
 45- 1) opening 2) train 3) dream 4) light

Part E: Cloze Test

Directions: Read the following passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Up to the present time, Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Knowledge Representation techniques seem (46) little real importance in the application of data processing to the social sciences (defined most generally as all the sciences which study human groups, their nature and their behavior). In fact, the (47) of researchers in these disciplines do not seem ready to renounce the traditional, and in our (48) limited, conception of the computer. They prefer to consider it as a device fit (49) them of the more tedious parts of their research, (50) to acknowledge its capacity to play an intelligent auxiliary role. In modern historical research, in particular, the situation is essentially that described above, although the intense use of statistical instruments often (51) the illusion of striving after more ambitious objectives. In fact, even when statistics are used, the "noble" task of interpreting and recognizing the results is left to the human operator, who enters only (52) its work. This, of course, is rather a generalization: some research projects avoid the (53) track of classical quantitative history, and make fuller use of the computer's potential. Nevertheless, statistical tools are (54) only when the historical object is studied on a large scale, with a population of minimum size and homogeneity. However, in history it is not always possible to work on vast series of well-defined objects, (55) archaeology.

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|-----|---|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 46- | 1) to be acquired | 2) acquiring | 3) to have acquired | 4) to acquiring |
| 47- | 1) number | 2) majority | 3) many | 4) most |
| 48- | 1) purchase | 2) incidence | 3) opinion | 4) acquiescence |
| 49- | 1) only to relieve | 2) relieve only | 3) to the relief of | 4) that only relieving |
| 50- | 1) instead of | 2) rather than | 3) contrary | 4) likewise but |
| 51- | 1) gets | 2) gives | 3) takes | 4) plays |
| 52- | 1) while the computer finishing | | | |
| | 2) which the computer finishes | | | |
| | 3) that the computer has already been finishing | | | |
| | 4) when the computer has already finished | | | |
| 53- | 1) driven | 2) frequent | 3) beaten | 4) antiquated |
| 54- | 1) blunt | 2) worthwhile | 3) rusty | 4) dismissive |
| 55- | 1) like they are found in | | 2) as such finding in | |
| | 3) such as them which found | | 4) like those found in | |

Part F: Reading Comprehension

Direction: In this part of the test, you will read three passages. Each passage is followed by some questions. Answer the questions by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Passage 1:

Climbing Mount Everest has become a popular expedition for mountain climbers. However, it is a dangerous undertaking. Climbing Everest requires a lot of experience mountaineering elsewhere, as well as a certificate of good health, equipment, and a trained Nepalese guide. The snow and ice on the mountain create deadly dangers like avalanches, and there is only a limited climbing season due to bad weather conditions. But perhaps the biggest danger is the altitude. Most climbers are not accustomed to the high altitude and low oxygen levels and rely on bottled oxygen they bring along. This is why the area above 8,000 meters (26,000 feet) elevation on Everest is called the “death zone.” Climbers who spend long periods in this region can develop altitude sickness and even brain swelling.

Mount Everest’s climbing industry has become controversial. As popularity of the climb has increased, there have been more “traffic jams” as climbers spend too much time in the death zone waiting for their chance to go to the summit. With more people has also come more pollution up near the summit as climbers often discard unwanted items all along the mountain. Additionally, the Sherpa people, a famous indigenous group, have been exploited by climbers, and their traditional way of life has been disrupted by foreign climbers. Sherpa guides are faced with some of the highest death rates of any field of employment, for comparatively little pay. Most disturbingly, because many climbers have died along the way, and their bodies are impossible to retrieve, climbers must frequently travel past corpses as they make their way up the mountain.

- 56- The underlined word “accustomed” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to
- 1) adapted 2) situated 3) satisfied 4) surrounded
- 57- The underlined word “their” in paragraph 2 refers to
- 1) Sherpa guides 2) climbers 3) Sherpa people 4) death rates
- 58- Why does the author mention the phrase “traffic jams” in paragraph 2?
- 1) To criticize the effect of technology on modern life
- 2) To help readers better understand a point mentioned in the same paragraph
- 3) To draw attention to an important problem now present in most modern cities
- 4) To highlight people’s lack of concern, taking rest in a particularly dangerous area

- 59- **According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?**
- 1) The pollution near the Everest summit has increased because climbers frequently throw unwanted items throughout the mountain.
 - 2) Climbing Mount Everest is a difficult task, but it is a more or less safe undertaking.
 - 3) The indigenous people living near Mount Everest try to prevent foreign mountaineers from climbing the mountain.
 - 4) The area above 8,000 meters on Mount Everest is known as the “death zone” primarily because of its harsh and cold weather.
- 60- **Which of the following words best describes the tone of the author in the passage?**
- 1) Humorous
 - 2) Indignant
 - 3) Ironic
 - 4) Objective

Passage 2 :

[1] Nearly two decades ago, Facebook exploded on college campuses as a site for students to stay in touch. Then came Twitter, where people posted about what they had for breakfast, and Instagram, where friends shared photos to keep up with one another. Today, Instagram and Facebook feeds are full of ads and sponsored posts. And soon, Twitter posts that gain the most visibility will come mostly from subscribers who pay, for instance, for the exposure and other perks.

Social media is, in many ways, becoming less social. The kinds of posts where people update friends and family about their lives have become harder to see over the years as the biggest sites have become increasingly “corporatized.” [2] The change has implications for large social networking companies and how people interact with one another digitally. But it also raises questions about a core idea: the online platform. For years, the notion of a platform—an all-in-one, public-facing site where people spent most of their time—reigned supreme. [3] But as big social networks made connecting people with brands a priority over connecting them with other people, some users have started seeking community-oriented sites and apps devoted to specific hobbies and issues.

“Platforms, as we knew them, have outlived their utility,” said Papacharissi, a professor at the University of Illinois. The shift helps explain why some social networking companies, which continue to have billions of users and pull in billions of dollars in revenue, are now exploring new avenues of business. A case in point is Twitter, which has been pushing people and brands to pay \$8 to \$1,000 a month to become subscribers. For users, this means that instead of spending all their time on one or a few big social networks, some are gravitating toward smaller, more focused sites. [4]

- 61- **Which of the following techniques is used by the author in paragraph 1?**
- 1) Quotation
 - 2) Exemplification
 - 3) Definition
 - 4) Statistics

- 62- **According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?**
- 1) Nowadays, a shift towards generating more revenue can be observed in the priorities of big social networks.
 - 2) A new spirit dominates social media networks as a result of the social and financial problems affecting the society at large.
 - 3) The idea of platform, still a key factor in the structure of social media, no longer accomplishes its original function of generating revenue.
 - 4) Social networking companies, which still have many users and billions of dollars in revenue, are seeking to find new ways of making money to pay their debt.
- 63- **According to paragraph 3, why are some social networking companies looking for new ways of producing profit?**
- 1) Because these companies seek to have billions of users in order to pull in billions of dollars in revenue
 - 2) Because academic authorities emphasized that platforms are no longer useful
 - 3) Because they want to follow successful companies like Twitter
 - 4) Because platforms no longer function as they once used to
- 64- **Which of the following is the best title for the passage?**
- 1) The Decline of Social Media Seals the Fate of Corporations
 - 2) Social Media and Corporations: A Sad Common Fate
 - 3) The Future of Social Media Is a Lot Less Social
 - 4) Social Media: An Optimal Solution to an Old Problem
- 65- **In which position marked by [1], [2], [3], or [4], can the following sentence best be inserted in the passage?**
Users of social media now often view professionalized content from brands, influencers and others that pay for placement.
- 1) [4] 2) [3] 3) [2] 4) [1]

Passage 3 :

I have just referred to the contrast occurring in Persian classical poetry where we find an abstract tendency set against a cultivation of the senses. There is yet another striking contrast which gives it a vitality all its own. I mean the contrast between form and content. Persian poetry, while classical in form, is passionately romantic in outlook and execution. In form, it is governed by a stringent system of rhyme and rhythm patterns and pre-ordained poetic molds, refined over the years.

Within this frame, however, the poet enjoys an unparalleled freedom in execution and arrangement of the content. In a single sonnet, e.g., he is at liberty to talk of the cruel beauty of his beloved in the first line, satirize the bigoted ascetic in the second, vent his nostalgic longing for his sweetheart in the third, invoke a metaphor to express the transience of human life in the fourth, lament the success of his rivals in the fifth, and so on, bouncing constantly from one idea to another. Even in Persian narrative poetry, the poet often shows a Gothic taste for less relevant details and rejoices in straying from the main theme to explore byways which fascinate him, much as an artist spares no care when depicting a tree, a flower, a wall or a mountain, not particularly relevant to the main theme of his work.

This divergence of ideas and seeming lack of subordination and control reaches its climax in Persian lyrics, dubbed by some as “pearls strung at random.” This has caused some less penetrating critics to diagnose a complete thematic disunity in Persian poetry, but as A. J. Arberry has observed, they have missed a more subtle unity, that of mood. Besides, delicate associations of ideas, images and verbal expressions, a subconscious bond which is felt but not readily explained, frequently make a smooth invisible bridge from one verse to another. Thus, the Persian lyric displays a firm external unity through its formal pattern; a unity which may be likened to that produced in a typical Persian carpet through its clearly defined border frame and its well-constructed patterning. But at the same time a subtler and almost imperceptible harmony runs through the apparently unconnected contents.

- 66- The underlined word “stringent” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to
- 1) justified 2) rigorous 3) inevitable 4) reputable
- 67- All of the following terms are mentioned in the passage EXCEPT
- 1) lyric beauty 2) formal pattern
- 3) Gothic taste 4) outlook and execution
- 68- According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?
- 1) Both Persian lyrics and Persian narrative poetry in a way display divergence of ideas.
- 2) The remarkable difference between form and content in Persian classical poetry provides it with a certain vitality.
- 3) The divergence of thoughts, coupled with a seeming absence of subordination and control, culminates in Persian lyrics.
- 4) The external unity identifiable in the Persian lyric is in a way influenced by that found in Persian objects of art such as Persian carpet.

- 69- **The passage provides sufficient information to answer which of the following questions?**
- 1) In which Persian poetic form the contrast between an inclination towards abstraction and nurturing of sensory experiences is most prominent?
 - 2) Why have some critics suggested that Persian lyrics exhibit a lack of thematic coherence?
 - 3) A typical Persian sonnet is composed of how many lines?
 - 4) What is the Persian poetics form *par excellence*?
- 70- **Which of the following statements can best be inferred based on the passage?**
- 1) The fact that different subjects are addressed within the same poem is exclusive to Persian lyrics.
 - 2) In literary matters, differences of opinion among literary critics result more often than not from differences in literary taste.
 - 3) While the phrase “pearls strung at random” draws attention to the beauty of Persian lyrics, the author of the passage probably does not consider it a precise designation.
 - 4) The original Persian rhythm patterns as well as the predetermined poetic molds have remained intact throughout the years up until now.